



LESSONS IN  
PHILEMON  
THROUGH  
JUDE

**Covering Philemon, Hebrews, James, First and  
Second Peter, First, Second and  
Third John, and Jude**

CECIL B. DOUTHITT



# **Lessons In Philemon Through Jude**

by

CECIL B. DOUTHITT

Twenty six lessons covering Philemon, Hebrews, James, First Peter, Second Peter, First John, Second John, Third John, and Jude; being the fifth in a series of six books covering the entire New Testament.

Prepared for use in all Bible Classes and home study.

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## FOREWORD

This book contains twenty-six lessons and covers the thirty-five chapters of Philemon, Hebrews, James, First and Second Peter, First, Second and Third John, and Jude.

Like all the others in the Douthitt series, these studies are designed to send the student to the original source, the Bible, for the answers; because a knowledge of the Bible can never be acquired except by a study of the *Bible*.

Many teachers of Bible classes know the value of an outline that will accomplish the following purposes:

1. Guide the student into a knowledge of just what the word of God says, rather than what men have said on religious issues.
2. Make the student happy in the study of God's word.
3. Increase interest and attendance.
4. Show the results of private study.
5. Give the student an opportunity to express himself.
6. Cause the student to feel that something is expected of him.

Scores of letters have been received from elders, preachers and teachers all over the country stating that the Douthitt books for Bible classes do accomplish these purposes.

These lessons will help the student to understand and to remember the great principles of eternal truth set forth in the gospel of the Lord Jesus Christ.

**LESSON 1****PAUL'S APPEAL TO PHILEMON FOR ONESIMUS****PHILEMON, VERSES 1-25**

1. When, where, by whom and to whom was this letter written?  
Ans. v. 1-3.
2. How did Paul express his appreciation for Philemon?  
Ans. v. 4.
3. What good things had Paul heard about Philemon?  
Ans. v. 5.
4. For what did Paul pray? Ans. v. 6.
5. What had brought joy and comfort unto Paul? Ans. v. 7.
6. Paul as an apostle had a right to do what? Ans. v. 8.
7. Why did he choose to "beseech" rather than "enjoin" or command Philemon? Ans. v. 9.
8. In whose behalf was Paul beseeching Philemon?  
Ans. v. 10.
9. In what sense was Onesimus Paul's son? Ans. v. 10.
10. What change had been wrought in Onesimus? Ans. v. 11.
11. Where did Paul send Onesimus? Ans. v. 12.
12. Why would Paul have been glad to keep Onesimus with him?  
Ans. v. 13.
13. Why then did he not keep him? Ans. v. 14.
14. How did Onesimus' running away turn out to be a blessing to all?  
Ans. v. 10, 11, 15.
15. How should Philemon receive Onesimus? Ans. v. 16, 17.
16. To whose account was Philemon told to charge Onesimus' indebtedness? Ans. v. 18.
17. In what way was Philemon indebted to Paul? Ans. v. 19.
18. How could Philemon refresh Paul's heart and bring joy to him?  
Ans. v. 20.
19. What did Paul think Philemon would do regarding his entreaty for Onesimus? Ans. v. 21.
20. What personal request did he make of Philemon? Ans. v. 22.
21. What did Paul hope to gain through the prayers of Philemon?  
Ans. v. 22.
22. Who was with Paul at this time? Ans. v. 23, 24.
23. Give a summary of what is taught in this letter. Ans. v. 1-25.

**LESSON 2****GOD SPEAKS THROUGH HIS SON**

HEBREWS 1: 1 through HEBREWS 2: 18.

1. When, how and by whom did God speak unto the fathers?  
Ans. Heb. 1: 1.
2. Give examples of how God spoke to people of "old time".  
Ans. Gen. 15: 1; Gen. 18: 1, 2, 9; Gen. 28: 10-13; Exodus 3: 1-4;  
Daniel 5: 5, 25.
3. How does God speak unto us in this dispensation?  
Ans. Heb. 1: 2.
4. Show that the son of God is greater than the angels through whom  
God spoke in time past. Ans. Heb. 1: 2-4.
5. What did God say to his Son that he did not say to the angels?  
Ans. Heb. 1: 5.
6. What were the angels ordered to do when the Father "bringeth  
the firstborn into the world"? Ans. Heb. 1:6.
7. Show the contrast between what the Father said of the angels  
and what he said of his son. Ans. Heb. 1: 7-9.
8. What did David say of the work and eternal existence of the Christ?  
Ans. Heb. 1: 10-12; Psalm 102: 25-27.
9. What did God not say to any of the angels? Ans. Heb. 1: 13.
10. Who are these angels? Ans. Heb. 1: 14.
11. To what should we give the more earnest heed? Why?  
Ans. Heb. 2: 1.
12. How do we know there is no escape from punishment, if the  
great salvation is neglected? Ans. Heb. 2: 2-3; Acts 3: 22-23.
13. Who first spoke the great salvation? Ans. Heb. 2: 3.
14. By whom was it confirmed to us? Ans. Heb. 2: 3.
15. How did God bear witness to the authenticity of the great sal-  
vation which was first spoken by his Son? Ans. Heb. 2: 4.
16. What did David the prophet say of the condescension and exal-  
tation of the Christ? Ans. Heb. 2: 5-8; Psalm 8: 4-6.
17. Why was he crowned with glory and honor? Ans. Heb. 2: 8-9.
18. For whom did Jesus die? Ans. Heb. 2: 9.
19. Through what was he made perfect? Ans. Heb. 2: 10.
20. Why is he not ashamed to call his people brethren?  
Ans. Heb. 2: 11-13.



21. Through what did the Lord bring the power of the devil to naught?  
Ans. Heb. 2: 14-16.
22. Why was he made like unto his brethren and tempted as we are?  
Ans. Heb. 2: 17-18.
23. Give a summary of what is taught in the verses covered by this lesson. Ans. Heb. 1: 1 to Heb. 2: 18.

### LESSON 3

#### REST FOR OBEDIENT BELIEVERS

HEBREWS 3: 1 through HEBREWS 4: 16.

1. Who is the Apostle and High Priest of our confession?  
Ans. Heb. 3: 1.
2. To whom was he faithful? Ans. Heb. 3: 2.
3. Why was he counted worthy of more glory than Moses?  
Ans. Heb. 3: 3.
4. Who built all things? Ans. Heb. 3: 4.
5. What can you say of the faithfulness of Moses? Ans. Heb. 3: 5.
6. What is the Lord's house? Ans. Heb. 3: 6; I Tim. 3: 15.
7. What warning did the Holy Spirit give through David?  
Ans. Heb. 3: 7-11; Psalm 95: 7-11.
8. Against what danger must all be constantly on guard?  
Ans. Heb. 3: 12.
9. When and why should we exhort one another?  
Ans. Heb. 3: 13.
10. How long must confidence in the Lord be maintained?  
Ans. Heb. 3: 14.
11. Who provoked the Lord in the wilderness? Ans. Heb. 3: 16.
12. Why and how were they punished? Ans. Heb. 3: 17.
13. Why were they not able to enter Canaan? Ans. Heb. 3: 18-19.
14. What should we fear? Ans. Heb. 4: 1.
15. Why did the Israelites not profit by what they heard?  
Ans. Heb. 4: 2.
16. Who has the promise of entering eternal rest?  
Ans. Heb. 4: 3.
17. What did God do on the seventh day of creation week?  
Ans. Heb. 4: 4; Gen. 2: 2.

18. When will obedient believers enter into the rest prepared for them? Ans. Heb. 4: 5-10.
19. For what should we labor? Ans. Heb. 4: 11.
20. Describe the power of God's word. Ans. Heb. 4: 12-13.
21. Tell of our High Priest. Ans. Heb. 4: 14-15.
22. Why should we draw near to his throne of grace? Ans. Heb. 4: 16.
23. Give a summary of what is taught in this lesson. Ans. Heb. 3: 1 to Heb. 4: 16.

## LESSON 4

### LEARNING DEEPER TRUTHS AND GOING ON TO PERFECTION

#### HEBREWS 5: 1 to HEBREWS 6: 20.

1. The Levitical priests were appointed for what work? Ans. Heb. 5: 1.
2. Why could these priests bear gently with the people? Ans. Heb. 5: 2.
3. For whose sins did they offer sacrifices? Ans. Heb. 5: 3.
4. How did they obtain the priestly office? Ans. Heb. 5: 4.
5. How was Christ called to be High Priest? Ans. Heb. 5: 5, 6, 10; Psalm 2: 7; 110: 4.
6. When did Jesus offer up prayers and supplications in sorrow? Ans. Heb. 5: 7; Luke 22: 41-44.
7. How and unto whom did he become the author of eternal salvation? Ans. Heb. 5: 8-9.
8. Why were the Hebrew Christians rebuked? Ans. Heb. 5: 11-12.
9. Who is a "babe" in Christ? Ans. Heb. 5: 13.
10. Who are "full-grown" men in Christ? Ans. Heb. 5: 14.
11. What must Christians leave and what must they strive to attain as they increase in knowledge? Ans. Heb. 6: 1.
12. Name and discuss some things that belong to the doctrine of first principles. Ans. Heb. 6: 1-2.
13. Who cannot be renewed unto repentance? Why? Ans. Heb. 6: 4-6.
14. What lesson is taught by the two kinds of land? Ans. Heb. 6: 7-8.

15. What was expected of the Hebrews? Ans. Heb. 6: 9.
16. The Hebrew Christians had not advanced in knowledge (Heb. 5: 12) but what good things had they done? Ans. Heb. 6: 10.
17. What were they admonished to do? Ans. Heb. 6: 11-12.
18. What promise did God make and confirm with an oath unto Abraham? Ans. Heb 6: 13-16; Gen. 22: 15-18.
19. Why did God confirm his promise with an oath? Ans. Heb. 6: 17.
20. What are the two immutable things in which it is impossible for God to lie? Ans. Heb. 6: 17-18.
21. What do Christians have as an anchor of the soul? Ans. Heb. 6: 19.
22. Into what does hope enter? Ans. Heb. 6: 19-20.
23. Give a summary of what is taught in this lesson. Ans. Heb. 5: 1 to Heb. 6: 20.

## LESSON 5

### CHRIST A PRIEST AFTER THE ORDER OF MELCHIZEDEK

#### HEBREWS 7: 1-28

1. Christ is High Priest forever after the order of whom? Ans. Heb. 5: 6, 10; 6: 20.
2. Who is Melchizedek? Ans. Heb. 7: 1-2.
3. Tell of his meeting with Abraham. Ans. Heb. 7: 1-2; Gen. 14: 13-20.
4. In what way was Melchizedek like unto the Son of God? Ans. Heb. 7: 3.
5. What shows that Melchizedek was greater than Abraham? Ans. Heb. 7: 4.
6. What shows that he was superior to the Levitical priests? Ans. Heb. 7: 5-7.
7. Name one other thing in which Melchizedek was unlike the priests of the tribe of Levi. Ans. Heb. 7: 8.
8. Explain how Levi paid tithes "in Abraham". Ans. Heb. 7: 9-10.
9. Why was a high priest necessary after the order of Melchizedek and not after the order of Aaron? Ans. Heb. 7: 11.
10. The change in priesthood made what other change necessary? Ans. Heb. 7: 12.

11. All the priests under the law of Moses were of what tribe?  
Ans. Numbers J: 47-53; Heb. 7: 11.
12. Our High Priest is of what tribe? Ans. Heb. 7: 13-14.
13. Show that the priesthood of Christ is superior to the Levitical priesthood. Ans. Heb. 7: 15-17.
14. Why were the law of Moses and the Levitical priesthood abrogated? Ans. Heb. 7: 18-19.
15. Who was made priest without oath and who was made priest with an oath? Ans. Heb. 7: 20-21.
16. Of what was Jesus made surety or pledge? Ans. Heb. 7: 22.
17. Why could not the priests of the old covenant remain priests forever? Ans. Heb. 7: 23.
18. Whose priesthood is unchangeable forever? Ans. Heb. 7: 24.
19. Jesus Christ, our High Priest is able to do what?  
Ans. Heb. 7: 25.
20. What kind of high priest do we need? Ans. Heb. 7: 26.
21. How does the sacrifice that Christ made differ from the sacrifices of the Aaronic priests? Ans. Heb. 7: 27.
22. What kind of priests were appointed by the law?  
Ans. Heb. 7: 28.
23. What kind of priest was appointed by the word of the oath?  
Ans. Heb. 7: 28.
24. Give a summary of what is taught in this lesson.  
Ans. Heb. 7: 1-28.

## LESSON 6

### THE TWO COVENANTS

HEBREWS 8: 1 through HEBREWS 9: 28

1. What place of power and honor does our High Priest occupy?  
Ans. Heb. 8: 1.
2. He is minister of what? Ans. Heb. 8:2.
3. For what work is every high priest appointed? Ans. Heb. 8: 3.
4. Why could Jesus not be a high priest while he was on earth?  
Ans. Heb. 8: 4.
5. What warning was given to Moses when he was about to make the tabernacle? Ans. Heb. 8: 5; Exodus 25: 40.
6. Why is the ministry of Christ more excellent than those of the old covenant? Ans. Heb. 8: 6.

7. Why was a new covenant given? Ans. Heb. 8: 7.
8. Discuss Jeremiah's prophecy of a new covenant (Jer. 31: 31-34).
  - a. With whom was the covenant made? (Heb. 8: 8).
  - b. What would it not be like? Why? (Heb. 8: 9).
  - c. On what was it to be written? (Heb. 8: 10).
  - d. Why would it not be necessary to teach every man his brother under the new covenant (Heb. 8: 11).
  - e. What of forgiveness under the new covenant? (Heb. 8: 12).
9. What would happen to the old covenant? Ans. Heb. 8: 13.
10. What did the first covenant have? Ans. Heb. 9: 1.
11. What was in the Holy place of the tabernacle?  
Ans. Heb. 9: 2.
12. What was the Holy of holies? Ans. Heb. 9: 3-5.
13. Who was permitted to enter the Holy place of the tabernacle?  
Ans. Heb. 9: 6.
14. Who was permitted to enter the Holy of holies and when and for what purpose did he enter it? Ans. Heb. 9: 7.
15. What does all this signify? Ans. Heb. 9: 8.
16. Why could not the sacrifices and ordinances of the law make the worshiper perfect? Ans. Heb. 9: 9-10.
17. How did Christ obtain eternal redemption for his people?  
Ans. Heb. 9: 11-12.
18. What is the blood of Christ able to do? Ans. Heb. 9: 13-14.
19. What was necessary in order for the new covenant to be in force?  
Ans. Heb. 9: 15-17.
20. How was the old covenant dedicated? Ans. Heb. 9: 18-21.
21. What does the remission of all sins require? Ans. Heb. 9: 22.
22. What did the cleansing of "heavenly things" require?  
Ans. Heb. 9: 23.
23. How does the atonement of Christ differ from the sacrifices under the law? Ans. Heb. 9: 24-26.
24. What has been appointed for all? Ans. Heb. 9: 27.
25. How will Christ appear the second time? Ans. Heb. 9: 28.
26. Review briefly what is taught in this lesson.  
Ans. Heb. 8: 1 to Heb. 9: 28.

**LESSON 7****THE SACRIFICE OF CHRIST ONCE FOR ALL****HEBREWS 10: 1-39**

1. The law of Moses contains types and shadows of what?  
Ans. Heb. 10: 1.
2. The sacrifices of the law could not do what?  
Ans. Heb. 10: 1-2.
3. How often were these sacrifices repeated and why?  
Ans. Heb. 10: 3.
4. What could the blood of bulls and goats not do?  
Ans. Heb. 10: 4.
5. What did Christ offer as a sacrifice for sin? Ans. Heb. 10: 5, 10.
6. In what did God have no pleasure? Ans. Heb. 10: 6, 8.
7. Jesus came to do what? Ans. Heb. 10: 7, 9.
8. What did he take away and what did he establish?  
Ans. Heb. 10: 9.
9. Every priest did what under the law? Ans. Heb. 10: 11.
10. How many sacrifices for sin did Jesus make? Ans. Heb. 10: 12-14.
11. Give the Holy Spirit's testimony regarding the new covenant.  
Ans. Heb. 10: 15-16.
12. Where is there complete and eternal remission of sins?  
Ans. Heb. 10: 17-18.
13. What may we enter by the blood of Jesus? Ans. Heb. 10: 19.
14. What did Jesus dedicate for us through his flesh?  
Ans. Heb. 10: 20.
15. Having the great High Priest over the house of God, what should all do? Ans. Heb. 10: 21-22.
16. What should we hold fast? Ans. Heb. 10: 23.
17. Unto what should we try to provoke one another?  
Ans. Heb. 10: 24.
18. What should not be forsaken? Ans. Heb. 10: 25.
19. What of those who sin wilfully after receiving a knowledge of the truth? Ans. Heb. 10: 26-27.

20. How were the people punished for violating the law of Moses?  
Ans. Heb. 10: 28; Deut. 17: 2-7; Numbers 15: 32-36.
21. Who deserves a much sorer punishment than death?  
Ans. Heb. 10: 29.
22. Who will judge and punish the offender? Ans. Heb. 10: 30-31.
23. What sufferings had the Hebrew Christians endured?  
Ans. Heb. 10: 32-33.
24. What had they taken joyfully? Ans. Heb. 10: 34.
25. What were they admonished to do and not to do in order to receive the promise of God? Ans. Heb. 10: 35-39.
26. Give a summary of what is taught in this lesson.  
Ans. Heb. 10: 1-39.

## LESSON 8

### EXAMPLES OF VICTORIOUS FAITH

HEBREWS 11: 1-40.

1. What is faith? Ans. Heb. 11: 1.
2. What do we understand by faith? Ans. Heb. 11: 3.
3. Why was Abel's sacrifice more excellent than Cain's?  
Ans. Heb. 11: 4.
4. How did God reward the faithfulness of Enoch?  
Ans. Heb. 11: 5.
5. Who else was taken into heaven without being a victim of death?  
Ans. II Kings 2: 11.
6. What must one believe in order to be well-pleasing unto God?  
Ans. Heb. 11: 6.
7. What did Noah accomplish by his faith? Ans. Heb. 11: 7.
8. Tell of the faith of Abraham. Ans. Heb. 11: 8-10.
9. By faith Sarah received power to do what? Ans. Heb. 11: 11-12.
10. These all died without receiving what? Ans. Heb. 11: 13.
11. What did they confess? Ans. Heb. 11: 13.
12. What were they seeking? Ans. Heb. 11: 14.
13. Why was God not ashamed of them? Ans. Heb. 11: 15-16.

14. How was Abraham tried? Ans. Heb. 11: 17-19.
15. Tell of the faith of Isaac and Jacob. Ans. Heb. 11: 20-21.
16. Tell of the faith of Joseph. Ans. Heb. 11: 22; Gen. 50: 24-25.
17. Name four things which Moses did by faith. Ans. Heb. 11: 23-29.
18. Explain how the walls of Jericho fell by faith.  
Ans. Heb. 11: 30; Joshua 6: 3-5.
19. Why was Rahab saved from the destruction of Jericho?  
Ans. Heb. 11: 31.
20. Name seven things that others did by faith. Ans. Heb. 11: 32-34.
21. Tell of the afflictions and sufferings of many of the faithful.  
Ans. Heb. 11: 35-38.
22. Why could they not receive "the promise" while they lived?  
Ans. Heb. 11: 39-40.
23. What great truth is taught in this lesson? Ans. Heb. 11: 1-40.

## LESSON 9

### PERSEVERANCE IN THE FAITH

HEBREWS 12: 1-29.

1. What must we do in order to run successfully the Christian race?  
Ans. Heb. 12: 1.
2. Who is the author and perfecter of our faith? Ans. Heb. 12: 2.
3. What has he endured? Ans. Heb. 12: 2-3.
4. What had the Hebrews not done? Ans. Heb. 12: 4.
5. What exhortation had they forgotten? Ans. Heb. 12: 5-6.
6. How does God deal with his people? Ans. Heb. 12: 7.
7. What of those who are without chastisement?  
Ans. Heb. 12: 8.
8. To whom should we submit with more reverence than to our fleshly parents? Why? Ans. Heb. 12: 9-10.
9. What good results from chastening? Ans. Heb. 12: 11.
10. All are admonished to do what? Ans. Heb. 12: 12-13.
11. All should follow after what? Ans. Heb. 12: 14.
12. Against what should we be on guard? Ans. Heb. 12: 15.
13. How is a fornicator or profane person like Esau?  
Ans. Heb. 12: 16; Genesis 25: 27-34.



14. What did Esau seek diligently with tears?  
Ans. Heb. 12: 17; Genesis 27: 34.
15. Discuss the inauguration of the law at Sinai. (Heb. 12: 18-21).
- What was the penalty for touching the Mount?  
(Heb. 12: 18, 20; Exodus 19: 12, 13).
  - Tell of the sound of the trumpet and the voice of God.  
(Heb. 12: 19; Exodus 19: 18, 19; Exodus 20: 18, 19).
  - What effect did this have on Moses? (Heb. 12: 21).
16. Discuss each of the following to which the people of God have come in this dispensation:
- Mount Zion, the city of the living God, the heavenly Jerusalem, and hosts of angels. (Heb. 12:22).
  - The general assembly, church of the firstborn, enrolled in heaven, the Judge, and spirits of just men. (Heb. 12: 23).
  - The mediator of the new covenant and the blood of sprinkling. (Heb. 12: 24).
17. What of those who refuse to hear God's Son? Ans. Heb. 12: 25.
18. What will the Lord make to tremble? Ans. Heb. 12: 26.
19. What kind of kingdom have Christians received?  
Ans. Heb. 12: 28.
20. Give a summary of what is taught in this chapter.  
Ans. Heb. 12: 1-29.

## LESSON 10

### SOCIAL AND RELIGIOUS DUTY

#### HEBREWS 13: 1-25.

- What should exist always among brethren? Ans. Heb. 13: 1.
- What should not be forgotten? Why? Ans. Heb. 13: 2.
- Who entertained angels unawares? Ans. Gen. 18: 1-8; Gen. 19: 1-3.
- Who should be remembered? Ans. Heb. 13: 3.
- How should marriage be considered by all? Ans. Heb. 13: 4.
- From what should we be free and with what should we be content? Why? Ans. Heb. 13: 5.
- Why should Christians be of good courage? Ans. Heb. 13: 6.
- Whom should we remember and what should we imitate?  
Ans. Heb. 13: 7.

9. Who is unchangeable? Ans. Heb. 13: 8.
10. How should the heart be established in the faith?  
Ans. Heb. 13: 9.
11. Who has no right to eat at Christ's altar? Ans. Heb. 13: 10.
12. Where were the animal sacrifices burned under the law?  
Ans. Heb. 13: 11.
13. Where was Jesus crucified? Ans. Heb. 13: 12.
14. Where should we follow him? Ans. Heb. 13: 13.
15. What should Christians seek? Ans. Heb. 13: 14.
16. How should we praise our Lord? Ans. Heb. 13: 15.
17. God is pleased with what kind of service? Ans. Heb. 13: 16.
18. Whom should we obey and why? Ans. Heb. 13: 17.
19. What did the writer ask the Hebrews to do for him and why?  
Ans. Heb. 13: 18-19.
20. Who is the great Shepherd of the sheep? Ans. Heb. 13: 20.
21. What is he able to do? Ans. Heb. 13: 21.
22. What are the brethren exhorted to do? Ans. Heb. 13: 22.
23. Who had been released from prison? Ans. Heb. 13: 23.
24. Give the final salutations of this letter. Ans. Heb. 13: 24-25.

## LESSON 11

### TRIALS AND TEMPTATIONS

JAMES 1: 1-27.

1. By whom and to whom is this letter written? Ans. James 1: 1.
2. What should be counted a joy by Christians? Ans. James 1: 2.
3. Trials of faith produce what? James 1: 3-4.
4. What is promised in answer to prayer? Ans. James 1: 5.
5. Name one essential condition to acceptable prayer?  
Ans. James 1: 6.
6. Who shall receive nothing in answer to prayer? Ans. James 1: 7-8.
7. Who should rejoice in exaltation, and who should rejoice in humiliation? Ans. James 1: 9-10.
8. Describe the rich man's fading away. Ans. James 1: 10-11.

9. What reward is promised to the man who endures temptation?  
Ans. James 1: 12.
10. What does God never do? Ans. James 1: 13.
11. What is the cause of temptation? Ans. James 1: 14.
12. What leads to spiritual death? Ans. James 1: 15.
13. Who is the giver of every good gift? Ans. James 1: 16-17.
14. How and by whose will are people made Christians?  
Ans. James 1: 18.
15. In what should we be swift and in what should we be slow?  
Ans. James 1: 19.
16. The wrath of man never produces what? Ans. James 1: 20.
17. How should the word of the Lord be received? Ans. James 1: 21.
18. How do some deceive themselves? Ans. James 1: 22.
19. Describe the person who hears the word but will not obey it.  
Ans. James 1: 23-24.
20. Whom does the Lord bless? Ans. James 1: 25.
21. What is vain religion? Ans. James 1: 26.
22. What is pure and undefiled religion? Ans. James 1: 27.

## LESSON 12

### FAITH AND WORKS

#### JAMES 2: 1-26.

1. What is forbidden among Christians? Ans. James 2: 1.
2. Describe the evil spirit of partiality? Ans. James 2: 2-4.
3. How does God bless the poor who love him? Ans. James 2: 5.
4. Name three sins committed by some who were rich.  
Ans. James 2: 6-7.
5. What is the "royal law?" Ans. James 2: 8; Lev. 19: 18.
6. When is the royal law violated? Ans. James 2: 9.
7. When is the whole law broken? Ans. James 2: 10.
8. Why does the violation of one law make the transgressor guilty of all? Ans. James 2: 11.
9. By what law are God's people to be judged? Ans. James 2: 12.
10. Who shall be judged without mercy? Ans. James 2: 13.

11. When is faith of no profit? Ans. James 2: 14.
12. Illustrate the kind of faith that is of no avail. Ans. James 2: 15-16.
13. What is "dead" faith? Ans. James 2: 17.
14. How is faith made manifest? Ans. James 2: 18.
15. Describe the faith of devils. Ans. James 2: 19.
16. What should all know? Ans. James 2: 20.
17. By what was Abraham justified? Ans. James 2: 21.
18. How was his faith made perfect? Ans. James 2: 22.
19. What scripture was fulfilled when Abraham offered up Isaac?  
Ans. James 2: 23; Genesis 15: 6.
20. What is your conclusion regarding the doctrine of "justification by faith only"? Ans. James 2:24; Gal. 5:6; I Cor. 13: 2.
21. How was Rahab justified by faith and works?  
Ans. James 2:25; Hebrews 11: 31.
22. In what way is faith without works like the body without the spirit?  
Ans. James 2: 26.
23. Give a summary of what is taught in this lesson.  
Ans. James 2: 1-26.

### LESSON 13

#### SELF CONTROL

JAMES 3: 1 through 4: 17.

1. Why should but few seek to be teachers? Ans. James 3: 1.
2. Who is able to maintain entire self control? Ans. James 3: 2.
3. Why are bridle bits used in the mouth of the horse?  
Ans. James 3: 3.
4. How are ships guided? Ans. James 3: 4.
5. How is the tongue like a bridle, or the helm of a ship?  
Ans. James 3: 5.
6. In what way is the tongue like a fire? Ans. James 3: 5-6.
7. What has man been able to tame? Ans. James 3: 7.
8. What has he not been able to tame? Ans. James 3: 8.
9. Illustrate the opposite uses that may be made of the tongue.  
Ans. James 3: 9-10.

10. Show that such incongruity is contrary to nature.  
Ans. James 3: 11-12.
11. How is true wisdom shown? Ans. James 3: 13.
12. How does devilish wisdom manifest itself? Ans. James 3: 14-16.
13. Describe the wisdom that is from above. Ans. James 3: 17-18.
14. What is the cause of wars and fightings? Ans. James 4: 1-2.
15. Why do some not receive what they ask for?  
Ans. James 4: 3.
16. What is spiritual adultery? Ans. James 4: 4-5.
17. How may more abundant grace be obtained?  
Ans. James 4: 6.
18. Discuss the following admonitions:
  - a. "Resist the devil".
  - b. "Draw nigh to God".
  - c. "Cleanse your hands".
  - d. "Purify your hearts".
  - e. "Be afflicted and mourn".
  - f. "Humble yourselves".Ans. James 4: 7-10.
19. When does one become a judge of the law rather than a doer of the law? Ans. James 4: 11.
20. Who is the only lawgiver and judge? Ans. James 4: 12.
21. Why should we always say, "If God will", and never presume on an uncertain future? Ans. James 4: 13-16.
22. What of the person who knows to do good, but does it not?  
Ans. James 4: 17.

## LESSON 14

### WARNINGS TO THE RICH

#### JAMES 5: 1-20.

1. Why should all who trust in riches "weep and howl"?  
Ans. James 5: 1.
2. What becomes of riches and garments that are not used?  
Ans. James 5: 2.
3. How do unused riches curse their owner? Ans. James 5: 3.

4. Where should treasures be laid up? Ans. Matt. 6: 19-21.
5. How had the rich oppressed the laborers? Ans. James 5: 4.
6. The cry of the oppressed had reached the ear of whom?  
Ans. James 5: 4.
7. Describe the way the rich had lived upon the earth?  
Ans. James 5: 5.
8. Whom had they condemned and killed? Ans. James 5: 6.
9. For what should the righteous patiently wait?  
Ans. James 5: 7.
10. Give an example of patient waiting. Ans. James 5: 7-8.
11. Why should they not murmur one against another?  
Ans. James 5: 9.
12. The prophets are an example of what? Ans. James 5: 10.
13. What do we learn from the patience of Job? Ans. James 5: 11.
14. What warning is given regarding swearing? Ans. James 5: 12.
15. What should the afflicted do? Ans. James 5: 13.
16. How should cheerfulness and joy be expressed?  
Ans. James 5: 13.
17. What should the sick do? Ans. James 5: 14.
18. Why should prayers be offered? Ans. James 5: 15.
19. Whose prayers and supplications avail much?  
Ans. James 5: 16.
20. Tell of Elijah's prayers. Ans. James 5: 17-18.
21. What should we try to do for those who err from the truth?  
Ans. James 5: 19-20.

## LESSON 15

### THE LIVING HOPE IN CHRIST

#### I PETER 1: 1-25

1. How does the writer of this letter describe himself?  
Ans. I Pet. 1: 1.
2. To whom is the letter addressed? Ans. I Pet. 1: 1.
3. Their election and salvation was according to what?  
Ans. I Pet. 1: 2.

4. How had they been blessed by the abundant mercy of God?  
Ans. I Pet. 1: 3.
5. Describe their inheritance. Ans. I Pet. 1: 4.
6. By what, through what, and unto what were they guarded and kept? Ans. I Pet. 1: 5.
7. How would their joy be affected by manifold trials?  
Ans. I Pet. 1: 6.
8. Their faith was more precious than what? Ans. I Pet. 1: 7.
9. How could the trial of their faith result in their good?  
Ans. I Pet. 1: 7.
10. Their unspeakable joy was caused by their love for whom?  
Ans. I Pet. 1: 8.
11. What would they receive as the end and object of their faith?  
Ans. I Pet. 1: 9.
12. Concerning what did the prophets speak and search?  
Ans. I Pet. 1: 10-11.
13. What did the angels desire to look into? Ans. I Pet. 1: 12.
14. How should God's elect prepare themselves for the promised grace? Ans. I Pet. 1: 13.
15. When will this grace be brought to the Lord's people?  
Ans. I Pet. 1: 13.
16. Name four characteristics which should distinguish the children of God from the children of this world. Ans. I Pet. 1: 14-16.
17. How does God judge every man? Ans. I Pet. 1: 17.
18. How should the sojourner pass the time? Ans. I Pet. 1: 17.
19. From what and by what have God's people been redeemed?  
Ans. I Pet. 1: 18-19.
20. When and for whose sake was God's eternal purpose in Christ manifested? Ans. I Pet. 1: 20.
21. What did God do for the Christ to establish our faith and hope in him? Ans. I Pet. 1: 21.
22. How is the soul purified? Ans. I Pet. 1: 22.
23. What is the incorruptible seed which produces a new birth and a new creature? Ans. I Pet. 1: 23.
24. All flesh is compared to what? Ans. I Pet. 1: 24.
25. How long will the word of the gospel live and abide?  
Ans. I Pet. 1: 25.

**LESSON 16****THE SPIRITUAL HOUSE OF LIVING STONES****I PETER 2: 1-25.**

1. What should new-born babes in Christ put away or lay aside?  
Ans. I Pet. 2: 1.
2. What should they desire? Ans. I Pet. 2: 2.
3. How is eternal salvation attained? Ans. I Pet. 2: 2.
4. Identify and describe the "living stone". Ans. I Pet. 2: 4.
5. Of what is God's spiritual house on earth composed?  
Ans. I Pet. 2: 5.
6. Why are the people of God called a "holy priesthood"?  
Ans. I Pet. 2: 5.
7. What has been laid in Zion? Ans. I Pet. 2: 6; Isaiah 28: 16.
8. What stone did the builders reject? Ans. I Pet. 2: 7; Psalm 118: 22.
9. On what do the disobedient stumble? Ans. I Pet. 2: 8.
10. Describe the people of God. Ans. I Pet. 2: 9.
11. What should they show forth in their lives? Ans. I Pet. 2: 9.
12. What were they before they became God's servants?  
Ans. I Pet. 2: 10.
13. From what should they abstain? Ans. I Pet. 2: 11.
14. What effect do the good works of Christians have on unbelieving critics? Ans. I Pet. 2: 12.
15. To whom must children of God be obedient? Ans. I Pet. 2: 13-14.
16. What is the divinely appointed work of civil government?  
Ans. I Pet. 2: 14; Romans 13: 3-4.
17. Why should Christians be obedient to civil rulers when their laws do not conflict with the law of the Lord? Ans. I Pet. 2: 15-16.
18. Discuss the four duties of I Peter 2: 17.
19. What is the duty of servants to their masters? Ans. I Pet. 2: 18.
20. When is suffering praiseworthy? Ans. I Pet. 2: 19-20.
21. Who is our example and how did he bear his suffering?  
Ans. I Pet. 2: 21-23.
22. What did his sufferings and death accomplish for us?  
Ans. I Pet. 2: 24.
23. What is he to our souls? Ans. I Pet. 2: 25.



**LESSON 17****THE CHRISTIAN'S RESPONSIBILITY TO OTHERS****I PETER 3: 1-22.**

1. To whom must wives be in subjection? Ans. I Pet. 3: 1.
2. Why should they be in subjection to them? Ans. I Pet. 3: 1-2.
3. When is a wife justified in disobeying her husband?  
Ans. Acts 4: 19; 5: 29.
4. What kind of adornments are of no value in winning unbelieving husbands to Christ? Ans. I Pet. 3: 3.
5. What kind of adornments are of great price in the sight of God?  
Ans. I Pet. 3: 4.
6. How did the holy women of old time adorn themselves?  
Ans. I Pet. 3: 5.
7. How did Sarah show respect and submission to Abraham?  
Ans. I Pet. 3: 6.
8. Name some duties and responsibilities of husbands to their wives.  
Ans. I Pet. 3: 7.
9. How can a husband's conduct toward his wife affect his prayers?  
Ans. I Pet. 3: 7.
10. Name some duties and responsibilities of all Christians.  
Ans. I Pet 3: 8.
11. What course should Christians pursue when reviled and persecuted? Ans. I Pet. 3: 9.
12. What must all do who would love life and see good days?  
Ans. I Pet. 3: 10-11.
13. The eyes and ears of the Lord are open to whom?  
Ans. I Pet. 3: 12.
14. His face is against whom? Ans. I Pet. 3: 12.
15. Why should the people of God be willing, when necessary, to suffer for righteousness sake? Ans. I Pet. 3: 13-14.
16. What should Christians be ready always to do? Ans. I Pet. 3: 16.
17. How can false accusers be made ashamed? Ans. I Pet. 3: 16.
18. Name two things that may cause one to suffer, and tell which is the better cause according to God's will. Ans. I Pet. 3: 17.
19. For whom did Christ suffer and to what extent?  
Ans. I Pet. 3: 18.
20. Christ went in Spirit and preached to whom? Ans. I Pet. 3: 19.

21. When was this preaching done? Ans. I Pet. 3: 20.
22. Tell how eight souls were saved from the corruption of the antediluvian world. Ans. I Pet. 3: 20.
23. What "doth also now save us"? Ans. I Pet. 3: 21.
24. Baptism is not what? Ans. I Pet. 3: 21.
25. Describe the position of honor and glory now occupied by Christ. Ans. I Pet. 3: 22.

## LESSON 18

### SUFFERING FOR THE NAME OF CHRIST

I PETER 4: 1 through 5: 14.

1. With what should the people of God arm themselves?  
Ans. I Pet. 4: 1.
2. How should they live? Ans. I Pet. 4: 2.
3. Describe the unholy conduct of the Gentiles. Ans. I Pet. 4: 3.
4. What seems strange to the outside world? Ans. I Pet. 4: 4.
5. To whom must they give account? Ans. I Pet. 4: 5.
6. Why was the gospel preached to "them that are dead", or lived before us? Ans. I Pet. 4: 6.
7. Why should all be prayerful and sober in mind? Ans. I Pet. 4: 7.
8. What should be done above all things? Why? Ans. I Pet. 4: 8.
9. What should be freely used for others? Ans. I Pet. 4: 9-10.
10. How must all speak and act? Ans. I Pet. 4: 11.
11. What may the faithful expect? Ans. I Pet. 4: 12.
12. In what should we rejoice? Ans. I Pet. 4: 13-14.
13. Of what should the Lord's people never be guilty?  
Ans. I Pet. 4: 15.
14. In what name should we be willing to suffer and to glorify God?  
Ans. I Pet. 4: 16.
15. Contrast the judgment of the righteous and the judgment of the wicked. Ans. I Pet. 4: 17-18.
16. How and unto whom should those who suffer according to the will of God commit their souls? Ans. I Pet. 4: 19.
17. What are elders exhorted to do? Ans. I Pet. 5: 1-3.
18. How will their faithfulness to duty be rewarded?  
Ans. I Pet. 5: 4.
19. Why should all be clothed in humility? Ans. I Pet. 5: 5-6.

20. What should be done with all cares and anxieties?  
Ans. I Pet. 5: 7.
21. Why should all be sober and watchful? Ans. I Pet. 5: 8-9.
22. How will God bless his people after they have suffered here for a little while? Ans. I Pet. 5: 10-11.
23. What is said of Silvanus and "she that is in Babylon", and Mark?  
Ans. I Pet. 5: 12-14.

## LESSON 19

### MAKING OUR CALLING AND ELECTION SURE

#### II PETER 1: 1-21.

1. How does the writer of this letter describe himself?  
Ans. II Pet. 1: 1.
2. To whom is the letter addressed? Ans. II Pet. 1: 1.
3. How does the writer greet them? Ans. II Pet. 1: 2.
4. What has the Lord granted to his people? Ans. II Pet. 1: 3.
5. How are the great and precious promises of God related to the divine nature of his people? Ans. II Pet. 1: 4.
6. Name and discuss the several excellencies that must be developed with all diligence? Ans. II Pet. 1: 5-7.
7. What will be the result, if these noble qualities abound in us?  
Ans. II Pet. 1: 8.
8. What of those who lack these things? Ans. II Pet. 1: 9.
9. What should all give diligence to make sure? Ans. II Pet. 1: 10.
10. What must one do in order never to fall? Ans. II Pet. 1: 10.
11. All who make their calling and election sure will be permitted to enter what? Ans. II Pet. 1: 11.
12. What was Peter always ready to do? Ans. II Pet. 1: 12.
13. What did he consider as his duty toward the Lord's people?  
Ans. II Pet. 1: 13.
14. What had the Lord signified unto Peter?  
Ans. II Pet. 1: 14; John 21: 18-19.
15. What did Peter desire to be done after his death?  
Ans. II Pet. 1: 15.
16. What assurance did the apostles have that the divinity and glory of Christ were real? Ans. II Pet. 1: 16.
17. What did the Father declare unto them? Ans. II Pet. 1: 17.
18. When did he do this? Ans. II Pet. 1: 18; Matt. 17: 1-8.

19. To what should all give heed? Ans. II Pet. 1: 19.
20. What important thing should be known first about prophecy?  
Ans. II Pet. 1: 20.
21. How did prophecy come? Ans. II Pet. 1: 21.

## LESSON 20

### WARNINGS AGAINST FALSE TEACHERS

#### II PETER 2: 1-22.

1. Who sometimes appear among God's people? Ans. II Pet. 2: 1.
2. Name three things that these false teachers do.  
Ans. II Pet. 2: 1.
3. What is the result of their wicked efforts? Ans. II Pet. 2: 2.
4. How do they "make merchandise" of some? Ans. II Pet. 2: 3.
5. How were sinful angels punished? Ans. II Pet. 2: 4.
6. How and why was the antedeluvian world destroyed?  
Ans. II Pet. 2: 5.
7. Tell of Sodom and Gomorrah. Ans. II Pet. 2: 6.
8. Who was saved from the destruction of Sodom?  
Ans. II Pet. 2: 7.
9. What troubled the righteous soul of Lot? Ans. II Pet. 2: 8.
10. What two things does God know how to do? Ans. II Pet. 2: 9.
11. Describe the wicked who are threatened especially?  
Ans. II Pet. 2: 10.
12. The mighty angels never do what? Ans. II Pet. 2: 11.
13. How are the wicked teachers like brute beasts?  
Ans. II Pet. 2: 12.
14. How do they seek pleasure? Ans. II Pet. 2: 13.
15. What is said of their heart and eyes? Ans. II Pet. 2: 14.
16. They are like what Old Testament character?  
Ans. II Pet. 2: 15. (The account of Balaam appears in Numbers, chapters 22, 23 and 24).
17. How was Balaam rebuked? Ans. II Pet. 2: 16.
18. The empty promises of these wicked leaders are compared to what? Ans. II Pet. 2: 17.
19. How do they allure their victims? Ans. II Pet. 2: 18, 19.
20. What can you say of those who have been converted, then apostatize? Ans. II Pet. 2: 20.

21. What would have been better for them? Ans. II Pet. 2: 21.
22. How are these apostates like the dog and the sow?  
Ans. II Pet. 2: 22.

## LESSON 21

### THE COMING OF CHRIST, THE JUDGMENT AND THE END OF THE WORLD

II PETER 3: 1-18.

1. What is the purpose of both of Peter's letters?  
Ans. II Pet. 3: 1.
2. Of what should all be mindful? Ans. II Pet. 3: 2.
3. Who will come in the last days? Ans. II Pet. 3: 3.
4. What will they say? Ans. II Pet. 3: 4.
5. What do they wilfully forget? Ans. II Pet. 3: 5.
6. By what means was the antedeluvian world destroyed?  
Ans. II Pet. 3: 6.
7. By what will the present world be destroyed? Ans. II Pet. 3: 7.
8. On what day will this occur? Ans. II Pet. 3: 7.
9. Of what should none be ignorant? Ans. II Pet. 3: 8.
10. Show that the promises and warnings of God are not affected by time. Ans. II Pet. 3: 8, 9.
11. What is he wishing all to do? Ans. II Pet. 3: 9.
12. The Lord's coming is compared to what, and what is the point of comparison? Ans. II Pet. 3: 10.
13. How will the heavens, the elements, the earth and the works in it be affected at the coming of the Lord? Ans. II Pet. 3: 10.
14. In view of the end of the world, what manner of persons should all be? Ans. II Pet. 3: 11.
15. For what should the people of God be looking and desiring?  
Ans. II Pet. 3: 12, 13.
16. Where will righteousness dwell? Ans. II Pet. 3: 13.
17. What should all give diligence to do? Ans. II Pet. 3: 14.
18. Who else wrote of these things? Ans. II Pet. 3: 15.
19. What do the ignorant and unsteadfast do to the writings of Paul and to the other scriptures? Ans. II Pet. 3: 16.
20. All should beware of what? Ans. II Peter 3: 17.
21. In what should all grow? Ans. II Pet. 3: 18.

**LESSON 22****WALKING IN THE LIGHT**

I JOHN 1: 1 through 2: 17.

1. How did John obtain his knowledge of Jesus "the Word of Life"?  
Ans. I John 1: 1.
2. What does John declare concerning the "Word of life"?  
Ans. I John 1: 2-3.
3. Why does he declare this to all? Ans. I John 1: 3-4.
4. What message did John hear from the Lord? Ans. I John 1: 5.
5. What can you say of those who claim fellowship with Jesus, while they walk in darkness? Ans. I John 1: 6.
6. Name two blessings received by walking in the light.  
Ans. I John 1: 7.
7. What of those who say they have no sin? Ans. I John 1: 8.
8. What will the Lord do for his people who confess their sins?  
Ans. I John 1: 9.
9. What of those who say they have not sinned? Ans. I John 1: 10.
10. Who is our advocate with the Father? Ans. I John 2: 1.
11. He is the propitiation for whose sins Ans. I John 2: 2.
12. How may we know that we know the Lord? Ans. I John 2: 3.
13. What can you say of those who claim to know him, but who do not obey him? Ans. I John 2: 4.
14. In whom has the love of God been perfected? Ans. I John 2: 5.
15. All who claim to abide in Christ should do what? Ans. I John 2: 6.
16. What is the "old commandment" which John wrote?  
Ans. I John 2: 7.
17. How could this "old commandment" also be new?  
Ans. I John 2: 8.
18. What is said of him who hates his brother? Ans. I John 2: 9, 11.
19. What is said of him who loves his brother? Ans. I John 2: 10.
20. Why did John write unto fathers, young men and little children?  
Ans. I John 2: 12-14.
21. All are admonished to love not what? Ans. I John 2: 15.
22. In what three things is the sinful world comprehended?  
Ans. I John 2: 16.
23. What shall pass away and what shall abide forever?  
Ans. I John 2: 17.

**LESSON 23****RIGHTEOUSNESS AND BROTHERLY LOVE**

I JOHN 2: 18 through 3: 24.

1. What does the coming of antichrists reveal? Ans. I John 2: 18.
2. Why did the antichrists go "out from us"? Ans. I John 2: 19.
3. By what have Christians been anointed? Ans. I John 2: 20.
4. Between what should God's people be able to discern?  
Ans. I John 2: 21.
5. Who is antichrist? Ans. I John 2: 22-23.
6. What is promised to all in whom the truth abides?  
Ans. I John 2: 24-25.
7. What has the Holy Spirit revealed through the apostles of Christ?  
Ans. I John 2: 27.
8. How may we have boldness and confidence at the coming of Christ?  
Ans. I John 2: 28.
9. A life of righteousness is proof of what? Ans. I John 2: 29.
10. How has God manifested his great love for us? Ans. I John 3: 1.
11. Name one glorious revelation that has been made concerning the future life of the redeemed. Ans. I John 3: 2.
12. What effect should this hope have on the faithful? Ans. I John 3: 3.
13. What is sin? Ans. I John 3: 4.
14. Discuss the difference in life and conduct between the children of God and the children of the devil. Ans. I John 3: 6-10.
15. What is God's message or charge to all his people?  
Ans. I John 3: 11-12.
16. Why did Cain slay Abel? Ans. I John 3: 12.
17. What is shown by hearts filled with brotherly love?  
Ans. I John 3: 14.
18. How may one become a murderer without actually taking life?  
Ans. I John 3: 15.
19. One who loves as Christ loved will be willing to do what?  
Ans. I John 3: 16.
20. Show that love is more than empty profession. Ans. I John 3: 17-18.
21. How can we assure our hearts and have boldness and a good conscience toward God? Ans. I John 3: 18-21.
22. Whose prayer does God hear? Ans. I John 3: 22.
23. What two things are required in this commandment of God?  
Ans. I John 3: 23.

24. How may we know that we abide in Christ and he in us?  
Ans. I John 3: 24.

## LESSON 24

### THE LOVE OF GOD

I JOHN 4: 1 through 5: 21.

1. Why should spirits be tested before accepted? Ans. I John 4: 1.
2. How may the Spirit of God be distinguished from the spirit of antichrist? Ans. I John 4: 2-3.
3. Why are the children of God able to overcome the spirit of the world? Ans. I John 4: 4.
4. Who accepts the message of antichrist and who accepts the message of God? Ans. I John 4: 5-6.
5. Love for one another is proof of what? Ans. I John 4: 7-8.
6. How has God manifested his love to us? Ans. I John 4: 9-10.
7. What should God's love encourage us to do? Ans. I John 4: 11.
8. Upon what condition does God dwell in us? Ans. I John 4: 12-16.
9. How may fear be overcome? Ans. I John 4: 17-18.
10. What can you say of the man who claims to love God while hating his brother? Ans. I John 4: 19-21.
11. How may we know when we truly love God and our brethren?  
Ans. I John 5: 1-2.
12. Show the relation between love and obedience. Ans. I John 5: 3.
13. What is the source of the victory that overcomes the world?  
Ans. I John 5: 4-5.
14. Who came by water and blood? Ans. I John 5: 6.
15. What three witnesses bear testimony to the same end?  
Ans. I John 5: 8.
16. Whose testimony is the greatest? Ans. I John 5: 9.
17. Who has the witness in himself? Ans. I John 5: 10.
18. Eternal life is in whom? Ans. I John 5: 11-12.
19. Why did John write these things? Ans. I John 5: 13.
20. How may we be assured that a prayer will be answered?  
Ans. I John 5: 14-15.
21. What is our duty regarding the two kinds of sins mentioned here?  
Ans. I John 5: 16-17.
22. What three things does John say "we know"? Ans. I John 5: 18-20.
23. From what should all children of God keep themselves?  
Ans. I John 5: 21.



**LESSON 25****ABIDING IN THE TEACHING****II AND III JOHN**

1. To whom is John's second letter addressed? Ans. II John 1.
2. How long will the truth of the gospel be with us? Ans. II John 2.
3. Who is the source of all grace, mercy and peace? Ans. II John 3.
4. What had John learned which caused him to rejoice? Ans. II John 4.
5. What commandment does he write? Ans. II John 5.
6. How is love demonstrated? Ans. II John 6.
7. Who is the "deceiver and antichrist"? Ans. II John 7.
8. Why should all guard against being led astray by these deceivers?  
Ans. II John 8.
9. What is said about those who do not abide in the teaching of Christ?  
Ans. II John 9.
10. How may one become a partaker of the evil works of false teachers?  
Ans. II John 10-11.
11. Why did John not write many things that were on his mind?  
Ans. II John 12-13.
12. John the elder addressed this third letter to whom? Ans. III John 1.
13. Tell what you know of Gaius.  
Ans. Acts 19: 29; Acts 20: 4; Rom. 16: 23; I Cor 1: 14.
14. John prayed that Gaius may be blessed with what three things?  
Ans. III John 2.
15. From what did John derive the greatest joy? Ans. III John 3-4.
16. What faithful work had Gaius done? Ans. III John 5-6; Rom. 16: 23.
17. Why should saints on evangelistic missions be welcomed and assisted by all? Ans. III John 7-8.
18. Of what was Diotrephes guilty? Ans. III John 9.
19. Describe the wicked works of this ambitious and rebellious man.  
Ans. III John 10.
20. What should be imitated by the children of God? Ans. III John 11.
21. What is said of Demetrius? Ans. III John 12.
22. Why was John unwilling to write more at this time?  
Ans. III John 13-14.
23. By what unusual title does John call the brethren in the last lines of this letter? Ans. III John 14.

**LESSON 26****CONTENDING FOR THE FAITH****JUDE, verses 1-25**

1. How does the author of this letter introduce himself? Ans. Jude 1.
2. To whom is the letter addressed? Ans. Jude 1.
3. What is said of mercy, peace and love? Ans. Jude 2.
4. What are the saints exhorted to do? Ans. Jude 3.
5. Describe certain men who had crept in unawares among the brethren. Ans. Jude 4.
6. What important fact of Israel's history is called to remembrance? Ans. Jude 5.
7. What is said of fallen angels? Ans. Jude 6.
8. How and why were the cities of Sodom and Gomorrah punished? Ans. Jude 7.
9. Describe the conduct of men agitated by impure dreams. Ans. Jude 8.
10. What lesson is taught by the example of Michael, the archangel? Ans. Jude 9.
11. Those who rail at dignities, speak evil of what, and in what do they corrupt themselves? Ans. Jude 10.
12. A woe is pronounced on them for imitating what three characters, and in what way do they imitate them? Ans. Jude 11.
13. To what are they compared? Ans. Jude 12-13.
14. Who prophesied concerning them? Ans. Jude 14.
15. What did he say in his prophecy of them? Ans. Jude 14-15.
16. Name five sins of which they are charged. Ans. Jude 16.
17. Whose words should be remembered? Ans. Jude 17.
18. What did the apostles of Christ say there would be in the last dispensation? Ans. Jude 18.
19. Of whom were they speaking? Ans. Jude 19.
20. Give four things that God's people must do, and give the meaning of each. Ans. Jude 20-21.
21. In what ways must different characters be strengthened or restored? Ans. Jude 22-23.
22. What should be hated all the while? Ans. Jude 23.
23. Who is able to keep and to save? Ans. Jude 24-25.



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